

2018-09-04 4p

Design ^{compound} gates for these logic functions

		AB			
		00	01	11	10
CD	00	1	1	1	1
	01	1	0	1	1
	11	1	1	1	1
	10	1	1	1	1

		AB			
		00	01	11	10
CD	00	1	1	1	1
	01	1	0	0	1
	11	1	0	0	1
	10	1	1	1	1

		AB			
		00	01	11	10
CD	00	1	1	0	0
	01	1	0	0	0
	11	1	0	0	1
	10	1	1	1	1

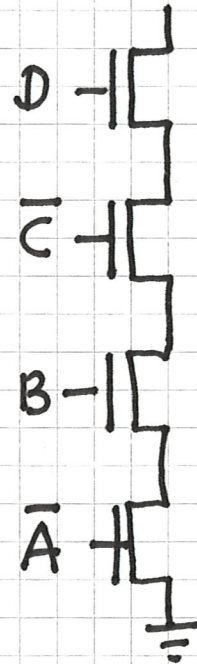
Solution 2018-09-05

1st problem

		AB			
		00	01	11	10
CD	00	1	1	1	1
	01	1	0	1	1
	11	1	1	1	1
	10	1	1	1	1

Circle zeros to find n-net

$$\bar{A} \cdot B \cdot \bar{C} \cdot D$$



Circle ones

or use

de Morgan's theorem

or

invert circuit to find p-net

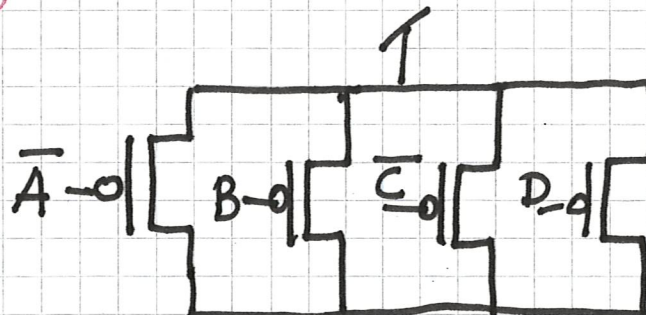
		AB			
		00	01	11	10
CD	00	1	1	1	1
	01	1	0	1	1
	11	1	1	1	1
	10	1	1	1	1

gives expression

$$A + \bar{B} + C + D$$

Remember bubbles!

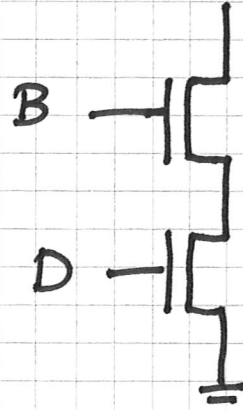
p-net is then



2nd problem AB

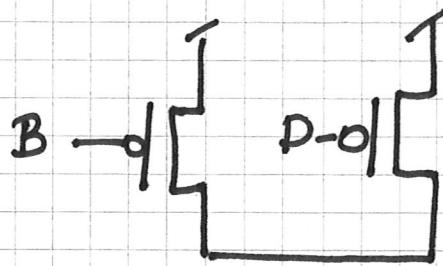
		00	01	11	10
00	1	1	1	1	1
01	1	0	0	1	1
11	1	0	0	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1

n-net B · D :



A & C do not matter at all! ~~AB~~

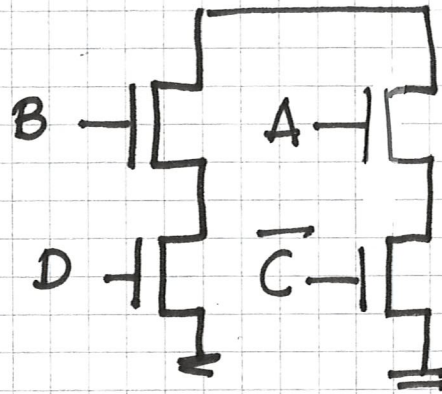
So p-net becomes:



3rd problem

	AB			
	00	01	11	10
AD	00	1	1	0
	01	1	0	0
	11	1	0	1
	10	1	1	1

$$(B \cdot D) + (\bar{A} \cdot \bar{C})$$



	AB			
	00	01	11	10
CD	00	1	1	0
	01	1	0	0
	11	1	0	1
	10	1	1	1

From the ones in the Karnaugh map we get

$$(\bar{A} \cdot \bar{B}) + (\bar{A} \cdot \bar{D}) + (C \cdot \bar{D}) + (C \cdot \bar{B})$$

$$= \bar{A} \cdot (\bar{B} + \bar{D}) + C(\bar{B} + \bar{D}) = (\bar{A} + C) \cdot (\bar{B} + \bar{D})$$

The same result we could get from inverting the circuit

p-net:

Remember bubbles!

